

Physics 114 – Spring 2010 – Problem Set 7 (Due at end of class on March 18)

- 1) 27-69
- 2) 28-3
- 3) 28-13
- 4) 28-18
- 5) 28-19
- 6) 28-26
- 7) 28-35
- 8) Review your class notes from March 4 and 16 where we did problem 28-31. Then do problem 28-32.
- 9)

A wire lies parallel to a conducting pipe of radius R and thickness $\frac{1}{4}R$. The wire lies at a distance of $3R$ from the center of the pipe. The wire and pipe are configured perpendicular to the paper, as shown below in a sketch. The pipe carries a uniform current of magnitude I directed into the paper. The current is in the region shown. That is to say, the interior of the pipe ($r < \frac{3}{4}R$) is empty and carries no current.

- (a) Determine the magnitude and direction of current in the wire which will cause the magnetic field at point P to be zero.
- (b) Given your answer to part (a), what is the magnitude and direction of the magnetic field at the center of the current-carrying pipe?

